

Ladies' Neckwear

We are showing an attractive assortment of NEW JABOTS, DUTCH COLLARS and FICHUS in Lace, Lawn and net combinations

35, 50, 65c and \$1.00

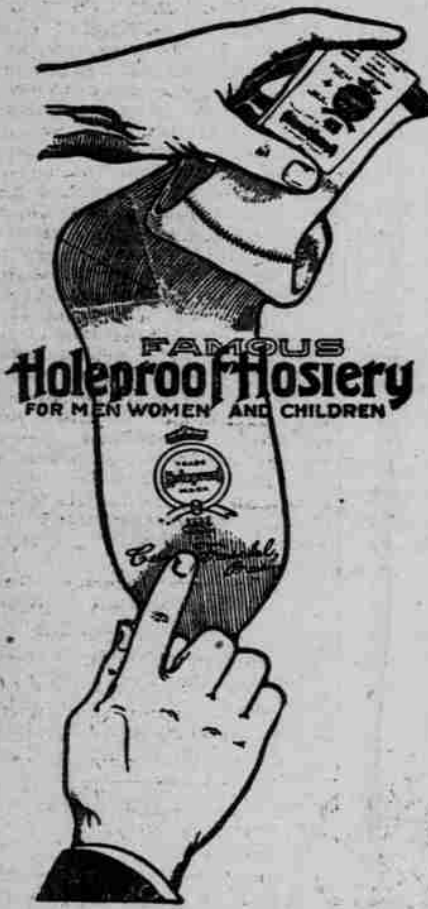
New Styles Mens' Soft Collar Shirts

White, Cream, Tan, Blue and Grey, plain and Fancy mercerized pongees, crystal cloths, silk mixtures and silks

\$1.00 to \$3.50

WE ALSO SHOW

MENS' NEGLIGEE SHIRTS with the new attached high collar in White, Tan, and Grey soisettes crystal cloths, etc.



DON'T FORGET
we are agents for
Holeproof hosiery

The original guarantee hose.

The new stock consists of light weights for summer wear.

Black and color
\$1.50 & \$2.00 per 1-2 dozen

Childrens' Wash Dress

Smart little frocks in Gingham and percale, trimmed piping and contrasting materials, sizes 2 to 6

\$1.00, 75c & 50c

Misses' School Frocks

of good quality plain and plaid Ginghams and Percales, trimmed contrasting materials and thoroughly well made, sizes 6 to 14

\$1.75, \$1.50, & 1.25

New Wash Stuffs IN ALMOST UNLIMITED VARIETY

In white we show PIQUES, DIMITIES, SHERETTES, CREPES, LINONS, LINENS and

"LINWEAVE"

in novelty checks, stripes and Marquisette effects

12½c, 25c, 30c, 35c and up

Standard Domestic Ginghams

In hundreds of new designs and colors

12½ and 15c yd.

Ladies' "Onyx" Silk Hose

Sheer Silk Hose, with durable Lisle soles and deep Lisle garter tops, black

Per pr. 50c

New Silks

POPLIN PONGEE, a beautiful medium weight silk, 26 inches wide

65c yd

CASHMERE PONGEE, a suggestively cool fabric of brilliant luster, 26 inches wide

90c yd

ROUGH FINISHED PONGEE, 36 inches wide

\$1.10 yd

GENUINE IMPORTED SHANTUNG SILKS

\$1.50 and \$1.15 yd

New Bordered Silks

42 inches wide, in solid colors and neat shepherd checks with handsome satin borders

\$1.95 and \$1.75 yd

In the FURNITURE DEPT.



COMBINATION BOOK-CASE of quartered oak with bevel mirror and flat glass doors, value \$18.50 - - - Now \$15.00

VERY FINE COMBINATION BOOK-CASE of quartered oak with bevel mirror and bent glass door, value \$30.00, - - - Now \$25.

BEAUTIFUL STATIONERY BOOK-CASE, 41 inches by 60 inches. quartered oak, two doors, worth \$20.00 - - - Now \$16.50

We show a very complete line of **PRINCESS DRESSERS** in quartered oak effect with large bevel mirrors, \$19.50 to \$33.00

Arizona Copper Company, Ltd., Store Department

PROPOSED SALARIES

IN NEW STATE (Continued from Page One)

five, but in no case shall the salary of any such deputy school superintendent exceed eighty-five dollars per month.

The county attorney, two thousand four hundred dollars per annum. The county attorney shall appoint one deputy who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum.

The assessor, two thousand two hundred dollars per annum. The assessor shall appoint one chief deputy who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum. By and with the advice and consent of the board of supervisors, the assessor may appoint such number of deputies as may be necessary to properly perform the business of his office, but in no case shall the salary of any such deputy assessor exceed eighty-five dollars per month.

The superintendent of roads, two thousand dollars per annum. By and with the advice and consent of the board of supervisors, the superintendent of roads may appoint such number of deputies to be known as road overseers as may be necessary to properly perform the business of his office but in no case shall the salary of any such road overseer exceed three dollars and fifty cents per day.

The chairman of the board of supervisors, twelve hundred dollars per annum. The other members of the board of supervisors shall each re-

ceive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum. The board of supervisors shall appoint one clerk of the board of supervisors who shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum. The board may appoint one assistant clerk of the board of supervisors who shall receive a salary of eighty-five dollars per month.

Section 10. Justices of the peace and ex-officio coroners shall receive as full compensation for the services required of them by law, or by virtue of their office, the following salaries, to-wit:

In justice precincts where one thousand or more votes were cast at the last general election, one hundred dollars per month.

In justice precincts where five hundred and under one thousand votes were cast at the last general election, seventy-five dollars per month.

In justice precincts where four hundred and under five hundred votes were cast at the last general election, sixty dollars per month.

In justice precincts where three hundred and under four hundred votes were cast at the last general election fifty dollars per month.

In justice precincts where two hundred and under three hundred votes were cast at the last general election, forty dollars per month.

In justice precincts where less than two hundred votes were cast at the last general election, thirty dollars per month.

Section 11. The office of constable

is hereby abolished. The sheriff shall appoint one deputy sheriff to attend upon the court of the justices of the peace of each precinct in said county and each of said precincts deputy sheriffs shall receive the same amount of salary as the justice of the peace upon whose court he is in attendance. Provided, that where the county seat is located within any justice precinct, no precinct deputy sheriff shall be appointed to attend upon the justice courts of said precinct, but the sheriff or the deputies of his office shall attend upon said justice courts whenever required.

Section 13.—The clerk of the Superior Court may appoint such number of interpreters as may be necessary to properly perform the business of said court and each of such interpreters shall receive a salary of four dollars for each day that he is actually employed and sworn as interpreter in criminal cases in said court.

Section 14. Justices of the peace shall have authority to summon and swear interpreters when the service of an interpreter is necessary in any justice court and such interpreter shall receive a salary of three dollars for each day that he is actually employed and sworn as interpreter in said court.

Section 15. The county surveyor, when directed by the board of supervisors to perform any services for the county, shall receive ten dollars per day for each day's work in the field or in his office and necessary expenses actually incurred by him in doing the work.

Section 16. Each juror for each day's attendance in court shall be paid by the county three dollars and for each mile actually and necessarily traveled by the juror from his residence to the court, twenty cents, to be computed one way only, and to be paid by the county.

Section 17. For the safe keeping of prisoners, by and with the advice and consent of the board of supervisors, the sheriff may appoint one or more deputies as jailors or guards whose compensation shall be fixed by the board of supervisors but in no case shall the salary of any such deputy exceed one hundred dollars per month.

Section 19. The sheriff shall be allowed by the board of supervisors the actual and necessary expenses, incurred by him or any of his deputies, for pursuing criminals or for transacting all criminal business and his actual and necessary expenses for the ser-

vices of all processes and notices or for transacting all civil business and all such expenses of his office shall be a charge against the county and shall be allowed by the board of supervisors and paid as other county charges are paid. The sheriff shall pay into the county treasury, on the first Monday of each month, all fees and mileage collected by him for the service of all papers or processes issued by any court of this state, but the sheriff may retain his actual and necessary expenses in keeping and preserving property seized on attachments or executions, to be paid out of the fees collected in the action.

Section 21. All fines and fees collected by any county or precinct officer shall belong to and be the property of the county in which such officer is elected. Each of such officers shall pay into the county treasury, on the first Monday of each month, the amount of all fines and fees collected by him.

INSPIRATION MILL TO BE MOST MODERN

Consulting Engineer of Company in Douglas to Look at Plans

DOUGLAS—Henry Krumb, consulting engineer of the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company, of Miami, arrived here this morning and called at the office of Repath and McGregor who are preparing plans for their new concentrator.

Mr. Krumb stated that the plans were progressing rapidly and that the mill would be the most modern in the state when completed. They call for an expenditure of over \$4,500,000.

He was met here by Dr. Ricketts, of Cananea, and they left here at noon for Cananea in Dr. Ricketts automobile.

HOW TO MEASURE A RIVER

Simple Method Described for Determining the Volume of Any Stream. The United States Geological Survey frequently receives letters inquiring for some simple method of de-

termining the approximate flow of streams or small rivers. It is believed that the following instructions may be of some value to those who for any reason wish to determine the velocity or volume of a stream.

To ascertain the velocity of the stream choose a place where the channel is straight for 100 to 200 feet and has a nearly constant width and depth; lay off on the bank a line 50 or 100 feet in length, marking each end; then allow small chips to float down the stream, by one of the methods described below, noting the time required for these to traverse the distance laid off on the bank. The surface velocity in feet per second is obtained by dividing the distance in feet passed over by the float by the time in seconds it takes the float to travel this distance. The average of several such determinations will give the mean surface velocity of the stream. This result multiplied by the coefficient 0.80 gives very nearly the mean velocity of the stream.

To obtain the area of the cross section of the stream stretch a tape from shore to shore and take the depth of the stream at intervals of 2 to 5 feet. The average of these depths may be assumed as the mean depth of the stream. This average multiplied by the total width will give the area of the cross section of the stream in square feet.

The discharge is found by multiplying this cross-section area by the mean velocity, as obtained by the

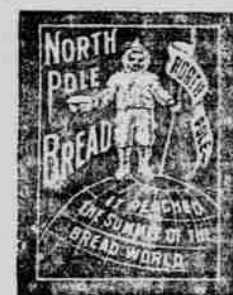
float measurements, the result giving the discharge in second-feet, or in other words, the number of cubic feet flowing past the point of measurement each second.

In determining the velocity for small streams and when only approximate results are desired the float is placed in the center of the stream only. For larger streams and when greater accuracy is desired a tape is stretched across the stream and the distance between the banks is divided into a number of equal spaces or sections. Floats are then allowed to drift down the stream as near as possible in the center of each of these spaces, the same number of floats being used for each section. The mean of the surface velocities obtained for the several sections. For each float the distance of its starting point from the right bank is recorded as indicated.

AN EYE ON OYSTER BAY.

(Los Angeles Tribune)
No questioning serves to draw an answer from the Man of Oyster Bay. The interviewers come back as empty-handed as they go. If the yardstick of intelligence be applied to the space-filling copy that results, some return as empty-minded as they went. But the trend of events throughout the country soon may compel a breaking of the Roosevelt silence. The knowledge that the re-nomination of Taft in June means disastrous defeat in November, coupled with the increasing demand for progressive leadership, is building up a mighty sentiment for Roosevelt's nomination that presently must elicit a response.

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Bread, Cakes and Pies
Confectionery

Prompt Delivery. Phone 271.

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The VIENNA BAKERY

J. ROCCO ZAPPIA, Proprietor.

CHASE - - - - - CREEK

TOWN OF CLIFTON

Clerk's Notice of Nomination Papers Filed and Time of Primary

The undersigned, Clerk of the Town of Clifton, County of Greenlee, Territory of Arizona, hereby gives notice that the party names and addresses of all persons who have filed in the Clerk's Office nomination papers in compliance with the provisions of subdivision 3 of Section 6, chapter 24, Session Laws of Arizona, of 1909, are as follows:

Party	Title of Office	Candidate	Address
Democrat	Mayor	Geo. W. Fraser	Clifton, Arizona
Republican	Alderman	W. F. Hagan	Clifton, Arizona
Republican	Alderman	Ambrose Spezia	Clifton, Arizona
Democrat	Alderman	R. J. Dunagan	Clifton, Arizona
Democrat	Alderman	O. Halverson	Clifton, Arizona
Democrat	Alderman	W. T. Richards	Clifton, Arizona
Democrat	Alderman	Peter Riley	Clifton, Arizona
Democrat	Alderman	W. A. Tyler	Clifton, Arizona

Notice is further given that a Primary will be held in the Town of Clifton, Greenlee County, Arizona Territory, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, A. D., 1912, that the polls will be open between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, and that said primary will be held at Library Hall, in said Town of Clifton.

Dated this the 2nd day of February, 1912.

MAT DANENHAUER

Clerk of the Town of Clifton.

(First Publication this 2nd day of February, 1912)